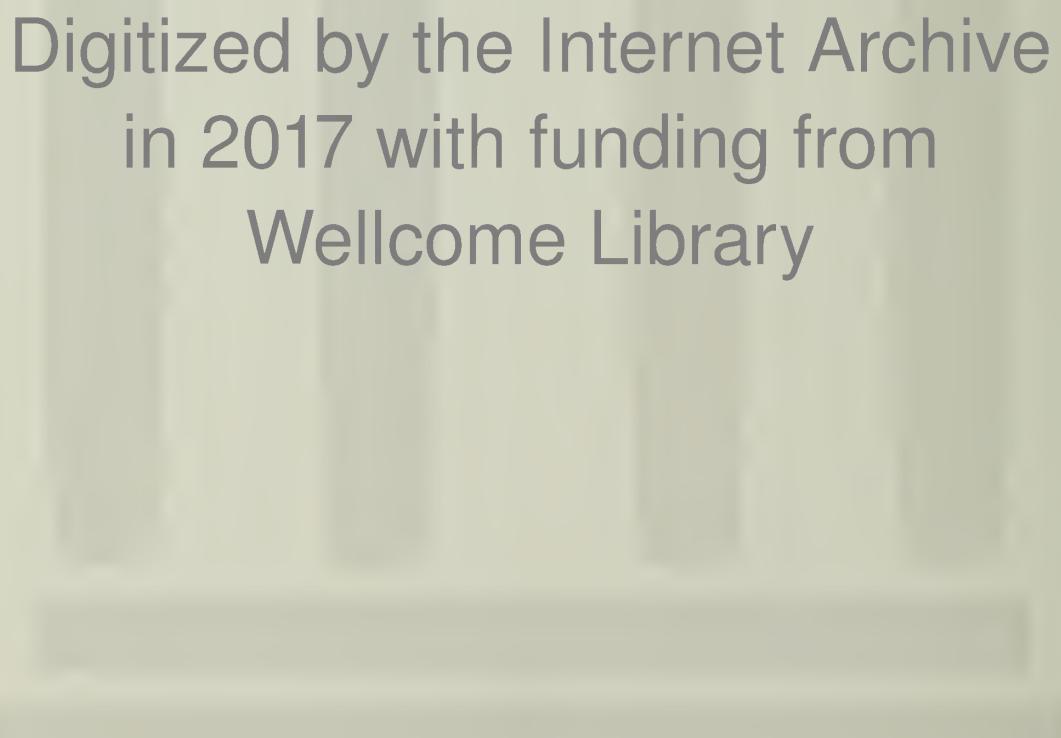


THE  
HEALTH  
OF  
FARNBOROUGH



1970



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FARNBOROUGH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
AND  
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR  
FOR  
1970

I. H. C. MORTON, M. B., Ch. B., D. P. H., D. Obst.  
Medical Officer of Health

H. L. SNOWDEN, F. A. P. H. I.  
Chief Public Health Inspector





## FARNBOROUGH URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

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**Chairman of Council:**

Councillor Lt. Col. R. de B. Devereux, C.C.

**Vice Chairman of Council:**

Councillor G.J. Woolger

**Members of Health Committee:**

Councillor R.J. Debenham (Chairman)

Councillor Mrs. P.E. Mosses, M.Sc.

Councillor A.M. Bolt

Councillor J. Girling

Councillor W.H. Hitchcock

Councillor B A. James

Councillor Miss M.B. Robinson

Councillor D.J. Savage, LL.B.



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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT STAFF

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

I.H.C. MORTON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D. Obst.

DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

CATHERINE M. BRADFORD, M.B., BS. Lond., D.P.H.

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

H.L. SNOWDEN, F.A.P.H.I. (1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7)

DEPUTY CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

J. ASTIN, M.A.P.H.I. (1, 2)

ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS

H. BATSON, M.A.P.H.I.	(1, 2)
F. CULVER, M.A.P.H.I.	(1, 2, 4, 7, 8) (to 19.7.70)
J. HUGHES, M.A.P.H.I. Inter D.M.A.	(1, 2, 4) (from 1.6.70)
A. LITTLEWOOD, M.A.P.H.I.	(3) (to 31.7.70)
I.M. SMITH M.A.P.H.I.	(3) (from 7.9.70)

MEAT INSPECTOR

J. GILCHRIST (9)

TECHNICAL ASSISTANT

P. TIDMAN (7, 10) (from 6.7.70)

PUPIL HEALTH INSPECTORS

R.M. DAILLEY (to 30.4.70)  
G. BLANNIN (ARMY)

SUPERINTENDENT, REFUSE AND SALVAGE SERVICE

W. REDFERN

ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

MRS. G.M. THOMPSON (to 27.7.70)  
J. P. GOODRICK (from 3.8.70)

CLERKS

MRS. J. ALLUM  
MRS. R. HIGGINS  
MRS. S. PLAYLE (Hants C.C. and District Services)  
MISS P. ROWLEY

PEST CONTROL OFFICER

R. WATKINS

GENERAL ASSISTANT (Part-time)

MRS. B. NORTON (from 27.4.70)

(for key to qualifications  
see overleaf)

Key to Qualifications

1. Certificate of Royal Society of Health and Public Health Inspectors' Examination Board as Public Health Inspector.
2. Certificate of Royal Society of Health as Inspector of Meat and other Foods.
3. Diploma of Public Health Inspectors' Education Board.
4. Diploma in Air Pollution Control.
5. Diploma in Advanced Hygiene, Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene.
6. Building Inspector's Certificate, Institution of Municipal Engineers.
7. Finalist, City and Guilds of London Institute.
8. Finalist, Institute of Housing Managers.
9. Meat Inspector's Certificate, Royal Society of Health.
10. Technician, Institute of Building.

REPORT OF  
THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1970

Public Health Department,  
Municipal Offices,  
Alexandra Road,  
Farnborough, Hants.

Tel: Farnborough 44451

To the Chairman and Members of the  
Farnborough Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for 1970 compiled according to the instructions of the Minister of Health and Social Security.

The health of the Town has been good with very little infectious disease. Other districts have experienced a summer outbreak of Measles but it did not occur here.

The Registrar General's estimate of population was 42,800, a total increase of only 740 since 1969. The natural increase (excess of births over deaths) was 665, slightly less than 1969. The birth rate, however of 21 per thousand still well exceeds the national figure.

Legislation during the year included the Local Authority Social Services Act, 1970. This sets up (as from April 1971) the Social Services Department of the County Council. This will combine the former Welfare and Childrens' Departments, and unfortunately remove from County Health control the important functions of Home Help and Mental Welfare. It will however have the great advantage of unifying the various official agencies concerned with Welfare and offering co-ordination locally of the Voluntary Bodies.

The work of enclosing the filter beds at the Sycamore Road Sewage Works was almost completed except for the fly traps and killing devices. There was a great improvement in the nuisance arising, but a few complaints continued. With the continual growth of the town however, more facilities will be needed and the possibility of joint disposal works with other authorities is being considered.

The Road Accident figures show only one accident involving a dog, whereas up to 1968 the number was always 40 - 50 and I think the Council can claim that its Control of Dogs Order, 1969, has been a significant contribution to the Town's health.

The building of the new District Hospital at Frimley is progressing satisfactorily.

I was formally appointed Medical Officer of Health to the six Districts comprising North East Hampshire and Dr. Catherine Bradford was appointed my Deputy Medical Officer of Health for Farnborough U.D.C. and Aldershot M.B.

Mrs. G.M. Thompson resigned from the post of Administrative Assistant in July, 1970 and Mr. J.P. Goodrick was appointed from 3rd August 1970.

In conclusion, I must thank Cr. R.J. Debenham and the members of the Health Committee for their support and encouragement and Mr. Snowden and the staff for their continued loyalty and zeal for the work of this Department.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,

I. H. C. MORTON

Medical Officer of Health.

## VITAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS

Area	4,767 acres
Population (Registrar General's Estimated Mid-year 1970)	42,800
Population at Census 1961	31,437
Number of dwelling houses (at April 1971)	11,403
Rateable value (at 1st April 1971)	£1,846,957
Rate in the £ (at 1st April 1971)	84p
Product of a penny rate	£18,120

### Live Births

Total number (39 illegitimate)	946
Rate per 1,000 population	22.1
Rate adjusted by comparability factor (0.95)	21.0
Rate England and Wales	16.0
Illegitimate as a percentage of total	4

### Still Births

Total (all legitimate)	8
Rate per 1,000 all births	8
<u>Total all births</u>	954

### Deaths

Total all ages	281
Rate per 1,000 population	6.6
Rate adjusted by comparability factor (1.52)	10.0
Rate England and Wales	11.7

### Deaths of Infants

Total under 1 year (2 illegitimate)	21
Rate per 1,000 live births	22
Total under 1 week (2 illegitimate)	16
Rate per 1,000 live births	17
Perinatal (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week per 1,000 all births)	25

<u>Maternal Deaths (including abortion)</u>	Nil
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## MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

The Engineer and Surveyor has kindly given me the figures of road accidents in Farnborough during 1970, with four previous years for comparison.

Type	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970
Fatal	9	1	6	3	5
Serious	85	64	53	67	55
Slight	129	138	123	141	156
Dogs	53	48	44	3	1
Total	276	251	226	214	217

The Chief Constable of Hampshire in his analysis of all road accidents in the County gives the following information.

The total number for the County rose by almost 5% on the 1969 figure and although there were slightly fewer deaths, the number of serious accidents was over 11% up.

Over half the casualties were car drivers and their passengers. One third were pedestrians.

The principal cause of accidents was "turning right carelessly" and the next "losing control".

CAUSES OF DEATH

		<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
		<u>143</u>	<u>138</u>
B19(1)	Malignant neoplasm, Buccal Cavity	1	2
B19(2)	Malignant neoplasm, Oesophagus	3	-
B19(3)	Malignant neoplasm, Stomach	2	1
B19(4)	Malignant neoplasm, Intestine	7	6
B19(6)	Malignant neoplasm, Lung Bronchus	11	3
B19(7)	Malignant neoplasm, Breast	-	3
B19(8)	Malignant neoplasm, Uterus	-	3
B19(9)	Malignant neoplasm, Prostate	1	-
B19(11)	Other malignant neoplasms	10	9
B20	Benign and unspecified neoplasm	1	-
B21	Diabetes Mellitus	2	-
B46(5)	Other diseases of nervous system etc.	1	-
B26	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	-	4
B27	Hypertensive disease	5	1
B28	Ischaemic heart disease	23	31
B29	Other forms of heart disease	5	5
B30	Cerebrovascular disease	17	18
B46(6)	Other diseases of circulatory system	6	5
B31	Influenza	3	1
B32	Pneumonia	8	13
B33(1)	Bronchitis and Emphysema	8	6
B46(7)	Other diseases of respiratory system	1	1
B34	Peptic Ulcer	3	1
B37	Cirrhosis of liver	-	1
B46(8)	Other diseases of digestive system	2	6
B38	Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	1
B39	Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	-
B46(9)	Other disease, Genito-Urinary system	1	1
B46(11)	Diseases of musculo-Skeletal system	1	1
B42	Congenital anomalies	3	7
B43	Birth injury, difficult labour, etc.	4	2
B44	Other causes of perinatal mortality	2	1
BE47	Motor vehicle accidents	5	-
BE48	All other accidents	2	4
BE49	Suicide and self-inflicted injuries	1	1
BE50	All other external causes	2	-

Deaths from Ischaemic Heart Disease, i.e. Coronary, showed a marked improvement there being only 54 as against 88 last year, 9 however, were under 55 years of age, an increase in the younger age group.

There is a slight improvement in the number of deaths from Cerebrovascular Disease, i.e. Stroke. St. Thomas's Hospital Department of Community Medicine are conducting a survey in this area and adjoining areas to determine amongst other things whether after care is available for patients who have had a stroke and whether more could be done for them in the way of domiciliary physiotherapy.

Deaths from Carcinoma of Lung show no improvement over last year, there were 14 deaths, one under 55 years of age.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER,  
INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Following the improved supply of measles vaccine, measles notifications are again very much reduced and there is no evidence of a build-up of cases which used to occur biennially and would have been due again for the winter 1970 - 71.

There have been sporadic cases of whooping cough.

The dangers associated with maternal Rubella, namely congenital blindness, deafness and congenital heart conditions can now be overcome by immunisation with Rubella vaccine and Rubella immunisations have been started on 13 year old girls. It is intended to widen the scheme to include 11 and 12 year old girls during the coming year.

Infective jaundice shows an increase but there was no pattern of spread of the disease.

Diseases notified during 1970 and comparisons for the previous three years were

<u>Disease</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1969</u>	<u>1968</u>	<u>1967</u>
Measles	64	165	47	968
Dysentery	-	4	8	13
Scarlet Fever	1	3	-	3
Diphtheria	-	-	-	-
Meningococcal Infection	-	-	1	-
Poliomyelitis	-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	6	-	9	3
Encephalitis	-	-	-	1
Paratyphoid	-	2	-	-
Food poisoning	1	-	-	-
Infective Jaundice	13	4	-	not notifiable
Tuberculosis respiratory	4	-	-	-
Tuberculosis non-respiratory	1	-	-	-

Tuberculosis

Five new cases of Tuberculosis were notified during the year, compared with four cases in 1969. They were all Pulmonary cases, two men aged 61 and 73 years and three women aged 40, 41 and 46 years.

Eight were removed from the register and, after allowing for transfers, the total number remaining at the end of the year were :

85 male - 49 female, being pulmonary tuberculosis and  
9 male - 9 female, being non-pulmonary cases.

A Chest Clinic is held at Aldershot and details of this are given in the section dealing with the provision of Health Services.

### B.C.G. Vaccinations

B.C.G. Vaccination of 13 year old school children giving protection against Tuberculosis was offered to children attending private schools as well as those attending the County schools.

The work done in 1970 is summarised as follows : -

Consents	-	95% of offers
Heaf tests	-	431
Positive	-	52
B.C.G. given	-	352

### Immunisation and Vaccination Procedures.

Tables showing the number of children receiving vaccination and immunisation during the year are given below.

A satisfactory standard was maintained. The Department visited Infants', Junior and Senior Schools in the district offering booster doses of Diphtheria/Tetanus/Polio and vaccination against Measles and Rubella. Thanks are due to the Head Teachers of the schools concerned for their help and co-operation.

Year of Birth	Triple		Dip/Tet		Polio		Measles	Rubella
	P	B	P	B	P	B		
1970	69	-	-	-	70	31	3	-
1969	543	63	3	1	554	125	377	-
1968	111	178	1	26	122	95	340	-
1967	13	15	1	10	8	19	64	-
1963-66	4	74	9	655	18	723	337	-
Others under 16	1	6	-	97	2	94	158	439
Total	741	340	14	789	774	1087	1279	439

P - Primary. B - Booster.

### Smallpox

	Months				Years			TOTAL
	0 - 3	3 - 6	6 - 9	9 - 12	1 year	2 - 4	5 - 15	
Primary Vaccinations	-	-	-	3	275	285	29	592
Re-vaccinations	-	-	-	-	-	16	107	123

### Laboratory Facilities

Samples of milk, ice cream, etc. are forwarded to the Public Health Laboratory at Guildford for examination. Water samples are sent to the Public Analyst for the County of Surrey for chemical analysis and to the Public Health Laboratory, Guildford for bacteriological examination.

### METEOROLOGICAL STATISTICS

1970	Mean Day	Mean Night	Total	Total
	Maximum (Deg C)	Minimum (Deg C)	Rainfall (MM)	Sunshine (Hrs)
January	6.9	1.2	84.4	29.3
February	6.9	- 0.5	46.0	97.7
March	7.8	- 0.1	34.9	94.7
April	11.0	3.0	55.9	116.4
May	18.6	7.8	22.5	208.3
June	23.0	11.3	29.3	255.9
July	20.7	11.3	43.2	178.0
August	21.6	11.6	68.6	180.7
September	19.7	10.3	62.6	149.5
October	15.0	6.6	8.1	100.5
November	11.5	4.9	180.4	57.7
December	6.6	0.9	33.0	33.8

PROVISION OF GENERAL HEALTH SERVICES  
FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT

Social Services

Since the Social Services Act of 1970, the Welfare Service has been re-organised.

The Social Services Department now covers the fields previously covered by Welfare and Childrens' Department, such special sections as the Blind and Deaf and some former health functions, notably Home Help, Child Minding and Mental Welfare.

The Area Director of Social Services for North East Hampshire is Mr. C.B. Fisher, and his office is located at Hippodrome House, Birchett Road, Aldershot. Telephone number : Aldershot 28312.

Farnborough and the northern parishes of Hartley Wintney R.D.C. are served by a Group of Social Service Workers under a Group Officer, (not yet appointed) also working from Hippodrome House. Office hours are 9 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Monday to Friday. For emergencies outside these hours, telephone County Ambulance Control (Winchester 61644) to obtain the name and number of the Social Worker on duty.

Home Help Service

The number of Home Helps on the register during the year was thirty-five and one 'Good Neighbour'.

Cases helped were as follows -

Old people	-	164
Chronic sick	-	32
Maternity	-	21
Emergency	-	9
Post-hospital	-	21
etc.		

This is the last year in which I shall be able to report on the Farnborough Home Help Service and I should like to pay tribute to Mrs. F. Howlett, the Organiser, who has served the town so well.

The service will of course continue as part of the County Social Services.

\* Ambulance Facilities

The ambulance service is provided by the County Council which has a large main station in Hawley Lane, Farnborough. The service is centrally controlled and all enquiries should be made to the Central Ambulance Control, Winchester. (Telephone Winchester 61644).

\* Child Health Clinics

	<u>Clinic held</u>	<u>Doctor attends</u>
Farnborough (South)	Dever Hall, Queens Road Every Thursday at 2 p.m.	1st & 3rd only
Fox Lane Estate	All Saints Church Hall Fernhill Road. Every Monday at 2 p.m.	1st, 3rd & 5th only.
North Camp	Marlborough Lines Health Centre North Camp. Every Monday at 2 p.m.	Every session
West Heath	Blunden Hall, Blunden Road. 1st., 3rd., & 5th Wednesday at 2 p.m.	No M.O. attends
Cove	Methodist Hall Cove Road, Every Thursday at 2 p.m.	2nd & 4th Thursday

OTHER COUNTY CLINICS

\* Dental Clinic (for school and pre-school children, expectant  
and nursing mothers)

Dental Clinics

Cove Manor Junior School	Daily, Monday to Friday, all day
Farnborough Grange Junior School.	Monday and Friday, all day.  Attendance by appointment only.
Mobile Dental Clinic at schools in Farnborough as required.	

\* Child Guidance

Manor Park Health Clinic Manor Park House, Aldershot.	Held weekly by appointment only.
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\* School Clinic (for school and pre-school children)

Farnborough Grange Junior School  
Wren Way, 9.30 a.m. to 12.00 noon  
Farnborough. (By appointment only).

\* Speech Clinic

Farnborough Grange Junior School  
Wren Way, By appointment only.  
Farnborough.

REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD CLINICS

Audiology Clinic

A Consultant Audiology Clinic for school and pre-school children has been established in co-operation with the Regional Hospital Board and is held at the School Clinic, Manor Park House, Aldershot, as required (usually monthly on a Friday a.m.) Attendance is by appointment only from the County Medical Officer.

Pre-School Audiology

Manor Park Health Clinic First Tuesday afternoon in alternate months.

School Eye Clinic

This is a Regional Hospital Board responsibility administered by the County Council.

School Eye Clinic, By appointment only -  
Manor Park House, obtainable from County Medical Officer.  
Aldershot.

Orthopaedic Clinic

This is a Regional Hospital Board responsibility and is administered from the Lord Mayor Treloar Hospital, Alton.  
Remedial Clinics are held at Aldershot General Hospital.

Chest Clinics

This is now controlled by the Regional Hospital Board in regard to detection and treatment, but the County Medical Officer is still responsible for the follow-up and welfare of patients and their families.

Northfield Hospital,  
Redan Road, Aldershot.

Monday - 9.15 a.m. - old patients  
11.00 a.m. - new patients  
2nd Monday every month -  
Special Bronchitic Clinic.  
One Monday every month -  
B.C.G. session.  
One Monday every month -  
Post B.C.G. session.

Tuesday - 2.15 p.m. } Children and  
to } old patients.  
4.00 p.m. }

9.15 a.m. } Old patients.  
to }  
1.00 p.m. }

Wednesday - 1st, 3rd & 5th Wednesday  
every month at Fleet  
Hospital. Old and new  
patients.

Thursday - 9.15 a.m. - Old patients  
and urgent new patients.

#### Special Clinic

Aldershot General Hospital  
St. George's Road,  
Aldershot.

Males - Monday 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.  
Wednesday 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Females - Wednesday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.  
Monday 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

#### Psychiatric Clinic

Aldershot Hospital

Every Monday, Tuesday and Friday  
at 2 p.m. (By appointment only).

Alton General Hospital

Monday, Tuesday at 2 p.m.  
(By appointment only).

#### Artificial Sun Ray Treatment

Aldershot Hospital }  
Farnham County Hospital }  
(Physiotherapy Departments) }

By appointment

Family Planning Association

There is a Family Planning Clinic at Manor Park House, Aldershot.

1st and 3rd Thursdays	- 10.00 - 12.30 p.m.
Every Friday	- 9.45 - 11.45 a.m. and 1.45 - 3.45 p.m.
2nd and 4th Fridays	- 2.00 - 4.00 p.m.

Attendance is by appointment only and a small charge is made to cover expenses. Marital problems first and third Thursday mornings in each month. Further details can be obtained from the Secretary, Family Planning Clinic, Manor Park House, Aldershot.

\* Prevention of Cancer of the Womb - "The Smear Test"

The County Council hold clinics at Manor Park House Health Clinic, Aldershot, for the early detection of cancer of the womb for all women of 35 years and over. Application for appointments are made to the County Medical Officer, The Castle, Winchester.

\* Health Visitors

The present Health Visitors and practices to which they are attached are set out below.

Mrs. R. Molyneux, 8 Montrose Close, Fleet.

Telephone: Fleet 3940

Attached to Drs. Turner and Watson.

Mrs. M.D. Martin, 23 Broomhill Road, Farnborough

Telephone: Farnborough 40253

Attached to Drs. Bellamy, Draper and Kayll.

Miss M.F. Roundtree, 130 Blackthorn Crescent, Farnborough

Telephone: Camberley 27429

Attached to Drs. Macadam, Lind Wright and Holden.

Mrs. J. Williams, 2 Kenilworth Road, Pyestock Estate, Farnborough

Telephone : Farnborough 43458

Attached to Drs. Pritchard, Price, Sales, Hamill and H. Wright.

Miss H.M. Betts, 29 Greenways, Courtmoor, Fleet.

Telephone : Fleet 3941

Attached to Drs. Smart and Urquhart.

\* Professional Nursing in the Home

This has been carried out satisfactorily during the year and the following arrangements operate in the district.

Nurse Evans, 57 Netley Street, Farnborough  
Telephone: Farnborough 45375

Attached to Drs. H. Wright, Pritchard, Price, Sales and Hamill.

Nurse Green, 99 Coleford Bridge Road, Mytchett  
Telephone : Farnborough 45627

Attached to Drs. Turner, Lind Wright, Watson, Holden and Macadam.

Nurse Scott, 98 Pierrefondes Avenue, Farnborough  
Telephone : Farnborough 41349

Attached to Drs. Bellamy, Kayll and Draper : Smart and Urquhart.

Male Nurses

Mr. L.G. Weare, 123 Birchett Road, Farnborough.  
Telephone : Farnborough 46709

Mr. H. Mathie, 238 Lyndhurst Avenue, Aldershot.  
Telephone : Aldershot 26381

\* Midwifery Service.

The following arrangements were in operation during the year.

Nurse Sutton, 14 West Road, Farnborough  
Telephone : Farnborough 45617

Attached to Drs. Pritchard, Price, Sales, Hamill and H. Wright.

Nurse Spivey, 24 Stubbs Moor Road, Farnborough  
Telephone : Farnborough 44643

Attached to Drs. Bellamy, Kayll and Draper: Smart and Urquhart.

Nurse M. Street, 88 Cody Road, Farnborough  
Telephone : Farnborough 47450

Attached to Drs. Turner, Watson, Macadam, Holden and Lind Wright.

Institutional Accommodation  
Maternity Cases

The only Maternity Unit is attached to the Farnborough and Cove War Memorial Hospital.

Moral Welfare Officer

Mrs. C. Tatlow, Senior Case Worker, Top Floor, 6 Leapale Road, Guildford  
Telephone : Guildford 64551/2

Other case workers - Capt. G.A. Page and Miss M.E. Williams,  
address and telephone number as above.

\* Chiropody

This service is organised by the Hampshire Council of Social Service and the British Red Cross Society, through its Divisional Offices. It is for elderly patients, those physically handicapped and expectant mothers. Where domiciliary treatment is required, evidence of need must be supported by a medical certificate.

Clinics are held as follows :

Blunden Hall, Cove.

1st and 2nd Wednesday - 9.30 a.m. -  
12.30 p.m. By appointment with  
Mrs. Walker, 26 South Street,  
Farnborough.

Abercorne House, Hawley

Every Wednesday 9.30 a.m. - 12.30 p.m.  
By appointment with Mrs. Savage,  
'Barnaby', Church Avenue, Farnborough.

Church of the Good Shepherd,  
Sandhill Road, Farnborough.

Alternate Mondays - 9.30 a.m. to  
12.30 p.m. By appointment with  
Mrs. Ash, 25 Watts Road, Farnborough.

St. Patrick's Catholic Hall,  
Peabody Road, Farnborough.

Alternate Mondays - 2.30 p.m. - 4.30 p.m.  
By appointment with Mrs. Collingham,  
'Redlands' Napoleon Avenue, Farnborough.

Jenkins Place, Farnborough

3rd Wednesday in month - 9.15 a.m. to  
12.15 p.m. By appointment with  
Mrs. Lay, Flat 6, Cambridge Court,  
64 Farnborough Road, Farnborough.

Randell House, Farnborough

Alternate months, 1st and 3rd Fridays  
9.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. by appointment  
with Mrs. Olbevant, 95 West Heath Road,  
Farnborough.

\* Services controlled or administered by the Hampshire County Council.

REPORT OF  
THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR  
FOR THE YEAR 1970

To the Chairman and Members of the  
Farnborough Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit to you my Annual Report for 1970, my 31st as  
your Chief Public Health Inspector.

The Department operated under extreme pressure, endeavouring to  
keep pace with the increase in work, in a rapidly developing district  
and with depleted staff.

Improvement work under the Housing Acts occupied a considerable  
amount of time. House modernisation is nearly completed in the  
Improvement Area made under the Housing Act 1964 and work proceeded  
with a proposed Improvement Area under the Housing Act 1969. National  
and local publicity and the more attractive conditions under the 1969  
Act produced an increase in applications for improvement grants  
throughout the district and these were dealt with as rapidly as  
possible. To deal with this increase in duties, one of our District  
Inspectors, Mr. H. Batson, was promoted to Senior District Inspector  
with special responsibilities for housing work and he is assisted  
by a Technical Assistant.

Work proceeded with the construction of the new Health Department  
Depot, which should be ready for use early in 1971 and be able to cope  
with the large quantity of salvage we now collect, and also provide  
satisfactory working conditions for our work people. Our waste  
paper collection for the year reached an all-time record of 1451 tons  
producing a welcome income of £16,591. The overall income for the  
Refuse and Salvage Service reached £34,491.

The Health Committee was concerned that more attention should be  
given to the supervision of food and catering premises which, owing to  
concentration on other duties and depleted staff, has not received the  
attention considered to be necessary. It was agreed to try to recruit  
an Inspector for these duties but, by the end of the year, we had not  
been successful. Public Health Inspectors are in short supply. It is  
a very serious matter and, in my opinion, requires attention at a high  
level. It seems an anomaly that, at a time when unemployment is  
increasing, including men who have had a University education,  
professional posts cannot be filled.

I wish to record my appreciation to the Chairman and Members of  
the Health Committee for their interest and encouragement, the Clerk  
and Chief Executive Officer and my fellow officials for their help  
and co-operation, and the Medical Officer of Health, Doctor Morton

and the Staff and workpeople of the Health Department. We have worked together as a team and, I hope, given satisfactory service to the Council and the Community.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,

H. L. SNOWDEN

Chief Public Health Inspector.

## SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

### 1. WATER SUPPLY

It is a duty of the Department to ensure that every house is provided with a satisfactory water supply.

Water is supplied to the whole of the Urban District by the Mid-Southern Water Company and the supply arrangements continued to be satisfactory. I am informed by the Chief Engineer of the Company, Mr. Adam Hope, B. Sc., F.I.C.E., F.I.W.E., that no changes of note have been made during the year, except to extend this service to provide for new developments and I am obliged to him for information contained in this section of the Report.

Liaison was maintained between the officers of the Company and the Public Health Department,

#### Sources of Supply

The supply is obtained principally from deep wells in the chalk at Pumping Stations at Itchel, Greywell and Lasham in varying proportions, according to the demands on the system.

#### Treatment

The water from the wells serving the area varies in hardness from 16.5 to 21 grains/gallon and softening is carried out at the sources in order to reduce the hardness to 12 grains/gallon which is the statutory limit for the Urban District.

The water from the source is practically sterile in the raw state before treatment but is given a precautionary dose of chlorine during the normal process of treatment, in conformity with modern waterworks practice.

The fluoride content of the water distributed in the area varies between 0.1 and 0.2 parts per million.

#### Purity of Supply

Samples of water are taken regularly by the Company before and after treatment at the Works and in supply. They are examined chemically and bacteriologically by the Company's resident Chemists and Bacteriologists and, in addition, samples are submitted to an outside laboratory for independent examination and report at regular intervals.

The reports during the past year on all treated waters have shown a consistently high standard of organic and bacterial purity.

The water does not have any plumbo solvent action.

#### Conditions of Supply Generally

The supply to all premises served within the Urban District is constant and laid on directly from the main. Adequate supplies were at all time available without restriction.

## 2. DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

### (a) Sewage Treatment and Disposal

The Engineer and Surveyor, Mr. H. Bird, has provided the following information on this service.

"The covering of the filters at the Sycamore Sewage Works to abate the fly nuisance has now been completed and the scheme for modifications to the Sewage Treatment Plant has been approved by the Council and should be proceeded with during the current financial year.

Work has commenced on the laying of a new trunk foul sewer from Westmead Pumping Station to Cove Pumping Station which will relieve the existing Town Centre Drainage system and also serve the proposed Central Area Scheme, Civic Area and Industrial Development and is expected to be completed within twelve months.

Extensive surface water drainage works are under construction and more are in the process of being designed in the Elles Road area to also serve the above development.

A report dealing with the future development of foul sewerage and sewage disposal at Farnborough has been considered by the Council and authorisation has been given for the design work to proceed on the Cove Valley Foul Carrier Sewer.

Following recent flooding problems, particularly in certain areas of Cove, a large scale investigation into the existing surface water system and future design requirements for surface water drainage has commenced. "

### (b) Sewers and Drains

The number of houses not connected to the main sewerage system and using cesspools is 29. One house with cesspool drainage (Broomhill) was connected to the sewer and one house with septic tank drainage (Sinehurst Farm) was demolished. Those remaining present particular difficulties.

The scheme to provide main drainage to the unsewered area of Lynchford Road and Lynchford Lane, in conjunction with a small new housing development scheme in that area, has not yet been commenced.

A monthly free service is provided by the Council for emptying cesspools at domestic premises, where a sewer is not available.

The supervision of drainage works so far as it is covered by the Building Regulations is carried out by your Engineer and Surveyor's Department and in other cases by your Public Health Department. The following is the position, in the areas which are without main drainage and where cesspools or septic tanks are still in use.

<u>Area</u>	<u>No. of houses</u> <u>or properties</u>	<u>Comments</u>
The unsewered area of Sandy Lane	5	Sewer not available
Fernhill Road	2	Statutory Notice served requiring houses to be connected to sewer.
Hawley Lane	2	Sewer not available
1 Church 1 House		
Marrowbrook Lane	1	" " "
Farnborough Road (Frimley Bridge Area)	3	Scheme under investigation
Lynchford Road (4 factories, 2 dwelling houses, 1 public house)	7	" " "
Southwood Road	3	Sewer not available
Iveley Road	4	" " "
Golf Lane	1	" " "
Gravel Workings Ship Lane	1	" " "

Total Number of Premises - 29

TABLE 1  
Properties without main drainage or modern sanitation

Ward	Number of properties	Means of Drainage			Sanitary Accommodation	
		Septic Tank	Cess- pool	No proper drainage	W.C's	Pail or Chemical Closets.
North	6	3	3	-	9	-
South	8	-	8	-	25	-
Central	8	3	5	-	7	2
West	7	4	1	2	5	2
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>4</b>

### 3. RIVERS, STREAMS AND WATERCOURSES

The effluent from the Sewage Disposal Works in the South Ward discharges into the River Blackwater. These streams, together with the Marrow Brook, are under the control of and are maintained by the Thames Conservancy Board. There are proposals for culverting a section of the Marrow Brook, where it passes through the Pinehurst Industrial Estate.

### 4. SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

The details included in Table 1 in the Drainage and Sewerage section show the number and type of sanitary accommodation, other than fresh water closets, in use at premises which are not connected to the Council's sewers.

Only 4 houses remain which are not provided with water closet accommodation and where pail closets are still in use.

### 5. PUBLIC SANITARY CONVENIENCES

With the exception of those provided at our Recreation Grounds, our Public Toilets are modern and of a good standard. They are located as follows : -

TABLE 2

Site	Male		Female W.C.s.	Washing Facilities
	Urinals	W.C.s.		
High Street Camp Road	1	2	4	Yes
Town Hall (Guildford Road)	1	1	3	Yes
Cove Green	1	1	3	Yes
Queensmead	1	2	4	Yes
<u>Recreation Grounds</u>				
Rectory Road	1	1	2	None
King George V Playing Fields	1	1	3	None
Osborne Road	1	1	1	None
Queens Road	1	1	2	None

Additional Public Toilets are planned in the extension to Queensmead. Proposals are being prepared for the improvement of toilets in our recreation grounds, as we intend to provide and maintain as high a standard as is possible.

Since the service was re-organised, we have not had the vandalism previously experienced. I hope this is due to better supervision and the standard of maintenance and cleanliness we try to provide. The new toilets at Queens Road recreation ground referred to in my last report were not provided, but it is intended that work be commenced early in 1971. Both these and the toilets to be constructed in Queensmead are to have facilities for disabled persons.

## 6. THE PUBLIC CLEANSING SERVICE

### General

Your Chief Public Health Inspector is responsible to the Health Committee for the administration of the collection and disposal of household and trade refuse, and the collection and disposal of salvage. Residents of Farnborough are provided with a most comprehensive service and provided these services are used as they are intended, it should avoid the unauthorised dumping of rubbish and unwanted materials. The service comprises : -

1. A weekly collection of household refuse.
2. A separate weekly collection of salvage (paper, cardboard and rags)
3. A free collection of bulky articles on request.
4. A litter patrol service to collect dumped materials.
5. Compounds where people may take rubbish.
6. Discarded motor vehicles are collected free of charge as they are found or notified.
7. The collection of trade and industrial refuse.

In addition to the collection from the Civilian area, a service on a rechargeable basis is also provided for Army premises, the Royal Aircraft Establishment and the National Gas Turbine Establishment.

### Refuse Collection

Both dustbins and disposable sacks are in use for the storage of refuse. The disposable sack system has been adopted for all future developments and 5573 houses are now on this system. Originally, special holders for paper sacks were used but, when plastic sacks were introduced because of lower cost, they were found to be not entirely suitable for all types of holders. A further introduction was the plastic bin liner. After thorough tests, these have been adopted and are proving satisfactory and the most trouble-free of any of the methods so far evolved. These liners can be used in existing dustbins, if and when the system is extended, providing the bins are in a satisfactory condition, but it is more satisfactory if they are used in a special plastic bin, designed for the purpose, and which may be purchased from the Council.

The calls on the bulky refuse collection service continued to increase and 1944 special collections were made during the year.

### Civic Amenities Act

Much time and effort continued on work coming under this heading, which includes the collection of bulky household rubbish and the collection of dumped rubbish. The reception area located at the Health Department Depot is available at all times, as are large containers sited at three of the Council's Housing Estates. The use of these is to be extended and it is proposed that they will also be used by the Engineer and Surveyor's Department, for the reception of street sweepings. Dealing with dumped or unwanted vehicles continues to be a time-consuming operation. Vehicles are left on verges, lay-bys and on open land. They fall into two categories, those that are dumped and those that are left on lay-bys and on verges, presumably with a view to their repair and re-use, or for re-sale. It is often found that a number of these are owned by the same person. 108 were found abandoned in the district and the process for their collection, storage and destruction carried out. They are collected and dealt with by a scrap metal merchant without charge. Others were delivered direct to the merchant, or collected by him by private arrangement. I have no accurate figures but I understand that the vehicles collected in the district numbered several hundred. This work is a joint operation between the department of the Clerk of the Council, the Police and the Health Department.

### Trade and Industrial Refuse

This service continued to expand, and as a result the income was increased to £11,500. Refuse containers of capacities varying from  $1\frac{1}{4}$  to 12 cubic yards are being increasingly introduced at civic amenities sites and industrial and business properties 136 have been issued on hire from the Council and 103 are in use at Army properties. We have not proceeded with the purchase of cleaning plant and equipment for the  $1\frac{1}{4}$  cubic yard containers as the experiments with a special disposable plastic liner for them is proving effective and much more economical and are used at food establishments. The larger containers, when used at food premises, are brought to the depot for cleaning. The charge for emptying a standard dustbin or its equivalent is 5p; for a  $1\frac{1}{4}$  cubic yard container 50p; and this is increased for the larger containers according to size and circumstances. Hire charges are also made for the containers supplied by the Council. No charge is made for the collection of paper and cardboard from trade premises.

### Refuse Disposal

Refuse disposal is by means of controlled tipping on War Department land at North Camp, which is being landscaped in conjunction with the re-building of the Army Camp. This tip is under the control of and managed by the Ministry of the Environment. 4812 loads of refuse, representing approximately 10,920 tons were taken to the tip. The Working Party of Officers formed on the recommendation of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government continued their deliberations. The Local Government Operational Research Unit were engaged and their report and recommendations has been received and submitted to all the Local Authorities in the area covered by the Working Party. It is intended that the refuse

disposal plant required will be ready for use when existing tipping space in this immediate area is no longer available.

#### Salvage

The intensification of our salvage collection service brought about a further increase in our collections and a higher income. 1451 tons, providing £16,591 was an all-time record. It is a pity that early in 1971 we entered another period of depression in the waste paper industry, which will restrict any further increased collections which we may have been able to achieve. These periods of trade recession have occurred at periodic intervals but, in Farnborough, we have always managed to get over these periods without loss and carry on the service without serious inconvenience. I hope we shall be able to do so on this occasion.

TABLE 3  
THE COLLECTION AND SALE OF SALVAGE

	Year ended 31/3/71		Year ended 31/3/70	
	Weight disposed of tons	Amount received £	Weight disposed of tons	Amount received £
Paper	1197	12,602	1203	11,838
Cardboard	202	2,563	41	482
Textiles	52	1,364	39	967
Miscellaneous Salvage.	-	62	6	133
Totals	1451	16,591	1289	13,420

#### Public Cleansing Staff and Workpeople

The establishment of the Public Cleansing and Salvage Section of the Department comprises Superintendent, Mechanic, Baling Shed Foreman, Depot Attendant, 3 Public Convenience Cleaner/Attendants, 31 Drivers, Loaders and Sorters. Three women are employed.

#### Incentive Bonus Scheme

The incentive bonus schemes operating in the Department continued and enabled us to keep pace with the growth of the district and resultant increase in work. The employees engaged on refuse collection are paid on the number of containers collected, an average rate being paid for disposable sacks and bins and the salvage employees on the amount of salvage which is produced and sold.

### Provision of Refuse Receptacles

Disposable plastic sacks are provided free where the system is in use. Normally one sack per house is supplied, but a second one is issued if found to be justified. This should rarely be necessary. The combined capacity of a refuse and a salvage sack is  $6\frac{1}{2}$  cubic feet, compared with a dustbin of  $3\frac{1}{4}$  cubic feet. Blow moulded plastic dustbins are sold by the Department for use in those parts of the District where the dustbin system still operates, the intention being that these will be the most suitable for use with liners when this system is extended to those areas. As the scheme is extended, we are using the bin liner system, instead of the suspended sack holders.

One hundred and forty-seven informal notices requiring the provision of refuse receptacles were served and one hundred and thirty-seven complied with.

### Building and Plant

A new Depot which is nearing completion will be in operation early in 1971. It will consist of accommodation for the sorting and baling of paper and textiles, the garaging of vehicles, stores and modern welfare arrangements, a public weighbridge and two houses for workpeople. It will be the first time that all the Department's services and equipment have been brought together and will not only provide better working conditions for the staff, but more effective supervision and control with increased efficiency.

### Vehicles

All but one of our refuse and salvage collection vehicles are of the rear loading type. The one exception is the Multilift vehicle, which is a chassis and equipment to be used with different bodies and containers. This vehicle has proved successful. It is used to transport the containers used at civic amenities sites and large establishments and is working to capacity. Three vans are used, one on each of the following services: anti-litter patrol, public convenience maintenance and pest control. All repairs and maintenance of vehicles and plant are carried out by the departmental mechanic.

TABLE 4  
VEHICLES IN USE BY THE DEPARTMENT

No.	Make and Type	Year of Registration	Branch of Service
4	Dennis Paxit Major 3C	1969	Refuse collection
1	Dennis Paxit Major 3C	1968	Refuse collection
1	Dennis Paxit Major 3A	1968	Salvage collection
1	Bedford Eagle Compress-Load 5.	1969	Salvage collection
1	Bedford 10/12 cwt. van	1965	Civic Amenities duties
1	Bedford 6 cwt. van	1969	Maintenance of public conveniences.
1	Ford Thames Van	1965	Pest Control
1	Multilift vehicle	1970	Civic amenities and special collections.

## The Cost of the Public Cleansing Service

The gross cost of the collection and disposal of house and trade refuse was £92,100. The income was £34,491, leaving a net cost of £57,609.

### 7. PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTION

Inspections carried out by the staff, together with particulars of repairs and improvements brought about, are summarised in Appendices A and B.

Six hundred and forty complaints were received, details of which are given below. All were investigated and action taken as required.

#### Housing

Defective housing conditions	26
Dampness	28
Dirty premises	1

#### Food and Drink

Water supply	4
Food and food containers	52

#### General

Smoke and dust	15
Fumes and smell	23
Accumulations and deposits	18
Keeping of animals	6
Noise	18
Drains, cesspools, sewers etc.	29
Ponds, ditches and flooding	6
Sanitary conveniences	6
Miscellaneous	25

#### Rodent and Insect Pests

Rats	151
Mice	44
Insect and other pests	188
<hr/>	
	640

### 8. AIR POLLUTION

The main source of air pollution in Farnborough is from the domestic chimney. Most of the boiler plants in factories and other buildings are either gas or oil-fired and they did not give cause for complaint, except for occasional break-downs. No smoke control orders have been made. 38 complaints were received regarding smoke, dust or fumes, requiring 66 visits or observations.

The Coal Handling Plant at Farnborough Main Line Station was kept under observation and regular deposit tests made.

Other types of complaint of air pollution were smells from the sludge burning plant at the Sewage Works and sawdust from a woodworking factory.

The Council are members of the National Society for Clean Air and also contribute to the work of the Department of Scientific Research on Atmospheric Pollution and your Chief Public Health Inspector is your representative on the Standing Conference.

#### 9. SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There is a small open air swimming pool, and a paddling pool in the District, owned and managed by the Council. The swimming pool is provided with an up-to-date filtration and chlorination plant. It is well patronised and regularly used as a teaching pool by those schools without a swimming pool of their own. The paddling pool is emptied and re-filled frequently and is chlorinated by hand dosing.

There is an indoor heated swimming bath at the Farnborough Hill Convent School and pools at three Junior Schools; St. Peter's, Cove Manor and Fernhill Junior, the latter being covered. 6 samples of water were taken and submitted for bacteriological examination. The necessary action was taken in the case of the unsatisfactory samples. The results are shown in Table 5.

Work commenced on the new swimming bath which is scheduled for completion in August 1972.

TABLE 5  
BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF  
SWIMMING BATH WATER

Source of Sample	Probable Nos/100ml.		Plate Count/Mil.	Remarks
	Coliform bacilli	B. Coli (type 1)		
Pool No. 1				
Sample No.				
1. Inlet Outlet	Absent Absent	Absent Absent	Less than 10 Less than 10	Satisfactory Satisfactory
Pool No. 2.				
1. Inlet Outlet	Absent Absent	Absent Absent	Less than 10 Less than 10	Satisfactory Satisfactory

TABLE 5 (Continued)

Source of Sample	Probable Nos/100 ml.		Plate Count/Mil.	Remarks
	Coliform bacilli	B. Coli. (type 1)		
<u>Pool No. 3</u>				
1. Inlet Outlet	Absent Absent	Absent Absent	150 90	Satisfactory Satisfactory
<u>Pool No. 4</u>				
1. Inlet Outlet	Absent Present	Absent Present	Less than 10 30	Unsatisfactory
2. Inlet Outlet	Absent Absent	Absent Absent	Less than 10 270	
<u>Pool No. 5</u>				
1. Inlet Outlet	Absent Present	Absent Present	Less than 10 Uncountable	Unsatisfactory

10. PEST INFESTATION CONTROL

A Pest Control Officer is employed to carry out these duties. He is provided with a light van in which to carry his equipment. Research is being continually carried out to improve knowledge on pest behaviour and produce new insecticides. This is necessary because both rodents and insects can become immune to poisons and insecticides at present in use. There are areas of the country where rodents have become immune to Warfarin poison, and insects to other insecticides. We have no evidence of this in Farnborough. As with so many aspects of our work, attention to hygiene by occupiers, particularly of food premises, is the most effective way of preventing the breeding and spread of vermin and insect pests.

Regular attention is given to places where rats are likely to breed or be attracted, namely sewers, sewage works, refuse tips, slaughterhouses and the like.

No charges are made for rodent control work carried out on private dwelling houses. In the case of business premises, the charges are based on the cost of the work. This also applies to insect and pest control work other than rodents.

Details of the work carried out during the year are summarised in the following table : -

Properties inspected	524
Premises found to be infested	252
Total visits (inspections, prebaiting and baiting)	1176

The Chairman of the Health Committee and the Chief Public Health Inspector represent the Council on the North East Hampshire Pest Control Committee, which comprises eleven Local Authorities in North East Hampshire, with representatives from the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food and the Aldershot Military District. The meetings of the Committee are held three times a year in different districts.

#### Prevention of Damage by Pests Act 1949

No formal action was taken under the Act.

#### Rodent Treatment of the Sewers

The sewage system was test baited and found to be free of infestation.

#### Insect and Animal Pests

Two hundred and ten visits were made to deal with a variety of insect and animal pests. 111 wasps nests were destroyed following complaints, chiefly from householders. This was more than double the number dealt with last year. A charge of 50p is made for each nest destroyed. Approved insecticides may be purchased from the Department to enable householders to carry out work themselves when they are able to do so. Mosquito control is carried out when found to be necessary.

Roof timbers of all new properties are treated with insecticides to control infestation by the house longhorn beetle and no cases were reported or discovered.

#### 11. DISINFECTION AND DISINFESTATION WORK

Nineteen visits were made to verminous premises and treatment carried out or advice given as appropriate.

#### 12. CARAVAN SITES

There continued to be a demand for residential caravan sites. The principal site is at Hawley Lane on land owned by the Council leased to a private operator. It is licensed for 78 vans. This had to be altered because part of the site was taken into the new Motorway.

<u>Location of Site</u>	<u>Maximum No. of Caravans</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Hawley Lane	78	Residential Site
Sunnybank Road	1	Residential
Farnborough Green	1	Residential caravan site used by site caretaker. Site also used as showmen's winter quarters
Peabody Road	1	" " " " "
Queens Road	1	" " " " "
Marrowbrook Lane	1	Residential

A Schedule of Conditions prepared by an Advisory Committee in the County consisting of Public Health Inspectors, Planning Officers and Site Operators is used in conjunction with all site licences issued. This Committee continued to meet during the year to deal with problems which have arisen in the County. Your Chief Public Health Inspector is Chairman of this Committee.

Twelve families living in caravans were granted housing tenancies by the Council, eight from sites in Farnborough and four from sites in other districts.

Action was taken in five instances regarding the occupation of caravans on unlicensed sites as follows.

<u>Site</u>	<u>Action taken</u>
Land at Pinehurst	Public Health Act 1936. Section 92 Caravan removed.
" " "	Pending
" " "	Removed by informal action.
Garden, 133 Alexandra Road	Removed by informal action.
Woodnook, Fernhill Road	Housing Act 1957, Section 15. Demolition Order made.

Complaints were received of the stationing of caravans by showpeople in Pinehurst. This occurred during the winter months and also intermittently throughout the summer. There is stated to be a shortage of sites for these people.

### 13. COMMON LODGING HOUSES

There are no registered Common Lodging Houses in the District.

### 14. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

In addition to the Royal Aircraft Establishment and other Service premises, there are two large factories in the district, one engaged on the manufacture of electronic equipment and the other prefabricated buildings. The remaining factories, which number 81, are small premises. A small Industrial Estate is being developed in the Elles Road area.

<u>Description of Factories</u>	
Cycle and Motor Repairs	Plastic Mouldings
Sausage making	Tailoring
Food preparation	Welding and sheet metal work
Radio and electrical repairs	Film developing
Scrap metal and salvage	Scientific instrument making
Building	Printing
Joinery	Slaughter of animals
Clothes dry-cleaning	Manufacture of plastic tubing
Boot and Shoe repairs	and piping
Motor repairs	Laundering
Letterpress printing and newspaper fudging	Tile slabbing
Furrier	Cellulose spraying
	Electrical engineering

Description of factories (continued)

Excavation of gravel	Fibreglass products
Concrete block making	Manufacture of furniture
Precision grinding	Aircraft and car seat manufacture
Firework plugging equipment	Paper baling
Dental mechanic	Special packaging
Baking	Oceanographic Equipment
Engineering	Servicing refrigeration equipment.

15. OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT 1963

Administration of the Act was maintained during 1970 and satisfactory co-operation has been obtained with owners and proprietors of premises. A further 12 premises were registered, bringing the total to 365. Particulars of the type of premises, and numbers of persons employed are set out in Table 6.

One hundred and seventeen premises received a general inspection and 38 notices were served in respect of 70 contraventions, which are later described in Table 7. All registered premises have been inspected.

Twenty-eight notices were complied with during the year, leaving 53 outstanding, the majority of these were served during the latter part of the year and it was not possible to re-visit them before the end of 1970. Of those which were visited, a large proportion of the contraventions had been remedied.

No prosecutions were instituted during the year.

Table 8 shows the position with regard to the number of Notices served since the commencement of the Act.

Inspections are carried out by the Public Health Inspectorate in conjunction with their other duties. Those premises which are covered by the Food Hygiene Regulations tend to receive more frequent inspections, as the duties and consequently the contraventions, particularly with regard to cleaning, overlap.

Plans of proposed new premises or extensions are submitted to the Health Department for comment and this has enabled the requirements of the Act to be discussed with architects and builders, and dealt with at the planning stage.

Hoists and Lifts. The reports on hoists and lifts since the Regulations came into force have been satisfactory.

Accidents. Thirteen accidents were notified, none were fatal. A warning letter was sent in respect of one accident, where an unsatisfactory process was being operated.

TABLE 6CLASS OF REGISTERED PREMISES, INSPECTIONS AND NUMBERS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED

Class	Number of premises newly registered during the year	Number of registered premises at the end of the year	Number of General Inspections	Persons Employed
Offices	7	96	14	859
Retail Shops	3	218	84	978
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	15	3	289
Catering Establishments open to the Public, canteens	1	33	15	255
Fuel Storage Depots	1	3	1	23
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>Total:</b> Males 964 Females 1440 2404

A General Inspection is one in which compliance with all the provisions of the Act is assessed.

In addition 127 visits were made to registered premises for purposes other than a General Inspection.

TABLE 7

CONTRAVENTIONS OF THE ACT FOUND AT  
PREMISES INSPECTED

Section	Contravention	No. of Premises
4	Premises requiring some form of cleaning	16
6	Premises where heating was inadequate or thermometers were not provided	3
7	Inadequate Ventilation	1
8	Inadequate lighting	2
9	Defective or inadequate Sanitary accommodation	4
10	Defective or inadequate washing facilities	7
12	Inadequate accommodation for clothing	1
16	Absence of handrails to stairs, defective floors, passages and stairs.	9
17	Inadequate fencing of machinery	5
24	Lack of First Aid Equipment	13
	Other matters	9

TABLE 8

NOTICES SERVED IN RESPECT OF CONTRAVENTIONS

Year	Notices Served
1964 to 1969	311
1970	38
Total	349
Complied with to 31st December 1970	296
Carried forward to 1971	53

TABLE 9

REPORTED ACCIDENTS

Type of Accident	Offices	Retail Shops	Wholesale Warehouses	Catering Establishments
Machinery	-	-	1	-
Transport	-	-	3	-
Falls of Persons	-	-	1	-
Stepping on or striking against object or person	-	2	-	-
Handling goods	-	-	3	-
Use of Hand Tools	-	2	-	-
Not otherwise specified	-	-	1	-

16. PET ANIMALS

Pet Animals Act, 1951

One licence was issued for the sale of pet animals. The premises were maintained in a satisfactory condition.

17. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None were taken during the year.

18. NOISE CONTROL

The Noise Abatement Act 1960

The main source of noise in Farnborough, apart from aero-engine development continued to be caused by the use of pumps used in connection with de-watering ground excavation works, unsilenced compressors and pneumatic drills. It is difficult to control these latter cases, as the work is often completed before statutory action can be taken. They are a constant source of trouble and complaint. In the case of road breaking tools, silencers are usually available but operatives do not always use them, nor supervisors require their use until we insist.

Eighteen complaints were received relating to the types of noise listed below. 103 visits and observations were made to deal with these. One statutory notice relating to noisy machinery was served and complied with.

Barking dogs  
Cement mixer  
Generator for road traffic sign  
Gravel working machinery  
Pneumatic drills and compressors  
Pumps  
Record player  
Refrigerator motor  
Vehicles.

19. HOUSING

Provision of New Houses

Three hundred and thirty-one new houses were built during the year, an increase over 1969. The figures in brackets give the comparative numbers for 1969.

Farnborough Urban District Council	118 (30)
Private enterprise	213 (183)

At the end of the year the total number of houses in the district was 13,358.

Mr. J. Eaton, Housing Manager, makes the following observations on the housing position.

"The Council's housing waiting list at the end of 1970 was 677 applicants compared with 685 in 1969 despite the letting of 118 new dwellings and about 80 relets during 1970. There is no real let-up in the need for rented dwellings in this area and, of course, the position will be aggravated as the population increases. Unfortunately, the calendar year 1971 will, for various reasons, be a lean one for new dwellings as only 16 family dwellings and 16 elderly persons' flats plus a block of 21 warden-supervised elderly persons' flats will become available for occupation. However, about 170 new dwellings

should become available in the early part of 1972 in addition to another double block of warden-supervised flats at about the end of that year but all this will only contain the problem and not solve it if, in fact, it is ever likely to be solved in the South East. "

#### Existing Housing Accommodation

##### The Inspection, Renovation and Demolition of Houses

The Department was very active in this field and 1528 visits were made by Officers of the Department in connection with clearance, repair, improvement and multiple occupation. Our chief concern is to improve existing properties and bring them up to modern standards. With the high value of sites, owners often prefer to have houses demolished and sell the sites, rather than carry out extensive repairs, even though grants towards the cost of the work may be available.

These duties occupy a great deal of time and are increasing rapidly so it was decided to promote Mr. H. Batson to Senior Inspector with special responsibility for housing and appoint a Technical Assistant to help with Improvement Area duties.

##### Demolition and Closing of Unfit accommodation - Housing Act 1957, Section 15.

Action was taken under this section with the following results.

Demolition orders made	18
Houses demolished	21
Closing Orders made	1
Undertaking to recondition or use for other purposes	1

##### Prospect Estate - Greater London Council

Widespread complaints were received of housing defects on the new Prospect Estate. Investigations were carried out by the Public Health Inspectors, and requests and recommendations made, both regarding the existing properties and new ones in course of construction, or to be erected. An extensive programme of alterations and repairs is in hand to deal with these constructional defects.

##### Modernising Houses with the aid of Improvement Grants

All the duties in connection with Improvement Grants are carried out in the Department. There has been increased interest by owners of houses following publicity and the more attractive grants which are now available.

The following figures give details of Improvement Grant work during the year : -

	<u>Standard</u>	<u>Discretionary</u>
Applications for grant received	25	33
Approved	19	30
Refused	1	-
No. of dwellings improved	13	24
Amount paid in Grants	£1,822.64.	£7,590.20
No. of houses provided with baths	31	
No. of houses provided with washbasins	31	
No. of houses provided with hot water supply	35	
No. of houses provided with an indoor water closet	30	

#### Housing Act 1964. Section 19

##### Requests for house improvements by Tenants

Seven requests for the improvement of their houses were received from tenants. These were all dealt with and in two instances resulted in the tenants purchasing the houses and applying for improvement grants.

#### Housing Act 1969

##### Qualification Certificates

The 1969 Housing Act introduced a new system governing the rents of houses with controlled tenancies. Owners may now convert a controlled tenancy into a regulated tenancy if the required standard of good repair is obtained and the house is either already provided with the standard amenities, or is to be so provided by means of an improvement or a standard grant.

The rent is determined under the Rent Act 1968, but before an owner may apply to the Rent Officer, he must first make application to the Local Authority for a Qualification Certificate. The dwelling is then inspected and if all the amenities are provided and the house is in good repair, a Qualification Certificate is issued. If, however, an application for a grant has been made and an undertaking given to do the repairs outstanding, a provisional Qualification Certificate is issued.

The owner may then submit the documents to the Rent Officer who will issue a Certificate of Fair Rent. Where the owner has made application for an improvement grant and after a Certificate of Fair Rent has been issued, the tenant must decide whether or not to give his consent to having the improvement work carried out. The Act provides for the owner to appeal to the Courts where the tenant refuses to give his consent to work being done after the issue of a Certificate of Fair Rent.

Applications dealt with during 1970

1. Under Section 44(2) - Where standard amenities do not already exist but it is proposed by the owners to carry out the necessary work.

Applications received during 1970	10
Applications withdrawn during 1970	1
* Provisional Certificates issued	9
Provisional Certificates not issued by end of year	2
Full Certificates issued	3

\* A Provisional certificate is only issued in conjunction with an approved application for an Improvement Grant, and enables the owner to make an application for a Certificate of Fair Rent before the works are carried out. A full certificate is issued later, at the time that the works are completed to the Local Authority's satisfaction and the payment of grant is authorised.

2. Under Section 44(1) - Where standard amenities already exist and the dwelling is in all respects fit.

Applications received	16
Certificates issued	2
Withdrawn	1
Certificates not yet issued pending repairs being carried out.	13

Improvement Area No. 1 (North Farnborough)

Made under the Housing Act 1964.

The work of house modernisation in this area is progressing satisfactorily. 34 houses have been modernised and work is in progress in 28 others.

General Improvement Areas.

Housing Act 1969.

The Housing Act 1969 amends the law relating to Improvement Areas and emphasis is placed on improving the environment as well as improving the houses. For this purpose, grants may be made by the Government for the improvement of amenities. These can include play and rest places, tree planting, parking spaces, garages and similar projects which will improve the appearance and general amenities of the area. It may also include traffic management proposals and the closing of streets. These are called General Improvement Areas and have to be approved by the Ministry of the Environment.

Another major difference in procedure is that compulsory powers have largely been replaced by a policy of encouragement and persuasion and also participation by residents of the area.

Work is proceeding with such an area in South Farnborough, which includes some of the oldest properties in the District. It comprises 332 dwelling houses, also two offices and 15 shops which have living accommodation, making a total of 349 dwellings. In addition there are 11 business premises which do not have residential accommodation.

#### Overcrowding

There were no cases of overcrowding on the Register during the year.

#### Houses in Multiple Occupation

We are dealing with cases as they come to our notice. Only a survey will tell us the extent of multiple occupation.

#### Local Land Charges etc.

Information was supplied in respect of 1333 properties, upon request for official searches of the Land Charges Register.

In addition, particulars as to properties were supplied in all cases in which mortgages were being arranged under the Housing Acts in respect of the purchase of small dwellings.

#### Rent Act

No applications for Certificates of Disrepair were received.

## 20. SAFEGUARDING OF FOOD SUPPLIES

This is one of the principal duties of the Department and covers the inspection for evidence of disease and fitness for human consumption of all animals killed at the slaughterhouse; the examination, where necessary of all other food sold in the district; the supervision of food premises and food vehicles to ensure that they are clean and comply with the legislation which applies to them. In conjunction with this inspection work, samples of food are taken for bacteriological examination. To be completely effective, it should also include the education of food handlers in food hygiene.

Nine hundred and eighty-five visits were made by the Inspectors to food premises to carry out the duties outlined above. It is difficult work to control with the constant changes which take place, both with proprietors and employees and regular inspection is essential in order to maintain satisfactory standards of hygiene and compliance with the Food Hygiene Regulations. With the intensification of other duties, particularly housing improvements, and the loss of two inspectors, we were not able to devote the time necessary for these duties. This became a source of much concern. It was decided to endeavour to appoint an inspector to specialize on these duties. This is difficult with the present acute shortage of Public Health Inspectors. Fully qualified officers, even when available, do not want to specialize in the early stages of their career. The education of food handlers in food hygiene is fundamental and, whilst some of the larger firms pay much attention to this and organise their own instruction and training, this is not general and does not apply to smaller establishments. It is made more difficult with the increase of food premises run by different nationals, Chinese, Indian, Pakistani, Italian, etc. A course in Food Hygiene was organised at the Farnborough Technical College and, although the number attending the course was relatively small it was a beginning. Members of the staff assisted with lectures. This only touches the fringe of the subject. The real answer is regular visits to food premises with time to discuss and explain.

### Complaints of Unfitness of Food and Food containing Foreign Bodies or Substances.

Forty-seven complaints of this type were received, details of which are set out below. All were thoroughly investigated and any necessary action taken. There were no prosecutions.

Food affected by mould	14
Dirty milk bottles	1
Milk bottles containing foreign matter	6
Bread	4
Flour	2
Chocolates	2
Sausages	1
Corned beef	1
Biscuits	1
Coffee	1
Tinned soup	1

Bacon unfit	1
Chicken "	2
Tinned milk unfit	2
Luncheon meat "	2
Cheese "	2
Tinned peas suspected metallic contamination	1
Tinned raspberries " "	1
Steak decomposed	1
Butter rancid	1

Number and Types of Food Premises in the District

Butchers	14
Bakeries and bread and cake shops	10
Fishmongers	4
Fish Fryers	5
Grocers	52
Greengrocers	21
School Canteens	21
Factory and business canteens	7
Restaurants and Hotels	32
Sweets and Confectioners	38
Public Houses and other licensed premises	43
Old Peoples Homes and hostels	4
Food Distribution Depots	7
	258

Registered Premises

(a) Milk Shops and Distributors	27
(b) Ice Cream	111
(c) Manufacture of cooked meat, etc.	28

The above figures only refer to the principal business carried on. In many of them, particularly supermarkets and similar premises, many different food trades are included.

All the premises comply with the requirements of Regulations 16 and 19 of the Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1966, in respect of the provision of wash hand basins and facilities for the washing of food and equipment.

Milk

There are 27 distributors of milk on the register, and all milk sold in Farnborough is designated either Untreated, Pasteurised, Sterilised or Ultra Heat Treated.

The Council are agents for the County Council for the licensing provisions of the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations 1963, and the following licences are in force.

Dealers licence to use the designation "Untreated"	1
Dealers licence to use the designation "Pasteurised"	25
Dealers licence to use the designation "Sterilised"	11
Dealers licence to use the designation "Ultra Heat Treated"	9

#### Ice Cream

One hundred and eight premises are registered for the sale of ice cream. Seven samples were taken and were satisfactory.

It is difficult to maintain adequate supervision over the many mobile ice cream vendors which now operate, chiefly during evenings and weekends.

#### Meat and other foods

##### Slaughterhouses

The present slaughterhouse in Peabody Road continued to be used. A start has not been made on the proposed new slaughterhouse in Pinehurst, in connection with which negotiations are still continuing.

#### Meat Inspection

The Meat Inspection Regulations 1963 and 1966 require carcases slaughtered for sale to be inspected for evidence of disease and fitness for human consumption and marked in the manner prescribed. All animals are inspected at the time of slaughter by the Meat Inspector who is stationed at the Slaughterhouse. 21,693 animals were killed and all were inspected.

The following charges are made for meat inspection and produced an income of £1,029 : -

Cows, bullocks, heifers and bulls	12.5p
Calves	3.75p
Pigs	3.75p
Sheep	2.5p

I appreciate the help and advice given by the staff of the Veterinary Investigation Centre at Reading, on specimens submitted to them for examination.

Any cases considered to be of interest or requiring the attention of the Divisional Veterinary Officer of the Animal Health Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food are referred to him for any follow-up procedure which he may consider necessary.

The Farnborough Slaughterhouse is recognised as a training centre for students by the Public Health Inspectors Education Board. This is by courtesy of the proprietor and we endeavour to keep down any inconvenience to the minimum. On the other hand, we have assisted the proprietor by carrying out an inspection service on Saturdays and Sundays with the co-operation of the Inspectors. This is not regarded as a permanent arrangement and, when the new slaughterhouse with its improved cooling and refrigeration facilities are provided, the position will be reviewed.

#### Poultry Inspection

There are no poultry processing premises in the district.

#### Disposal of Condemned Meat

Carcasses and offal found to be unfit for consumption are removed from the slaughter hall to a condemned meat store, where it is collected by a contractor for manufacture into fertiliser. A Certificate is issued for meat condemned.

TABLE 10  
ANIMALS INSPECTED AND MEAT CONDEMNED

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
No. of animals slaughtered and inspected	2,565	1,389	243	6,368	11,128
<u>All diseases except</u> <u>Tuberculosis and</u> <u>Cysticeri</u>					
Whole carcases condemned	5	7	12	7	60
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	707	626	40	1,326	2,617
Percentage of the no. inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticeri	27.5	45.1	16.4	20.8	23.5
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>					
Whole carcases condemned	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	5
Percentage of the no. inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	.04
<u>Cysticercosis</u>					
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	2	1	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	1	1	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	2	-	-	-

The weight of meat condemned amounted to 13 tons 4 cwts. 41 lbs.

### Other Foods

The following quantities of other foods were condemned at food shops and food premises : -

	<u>Tons</u>	<u>cwt.</u>	<u>lbs.</u>
Meat at retail shops	-	-	90
Cooked meats and products	-	3	64
Canned Meats	-	-	79
Other canned foods	-	10	82
Fresh fish	-	1	10
Frozen foods (due to cabinet breakdown)	1	16	36
Other foods	-	3	85
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2	16	110

### Bakehouses

Three comparatively small bakehouses are in use. Bread is baked in all of them, but most of our bread is brought into the district from large bakeries situated in other areas. Many of our shops have installed rotary ovens to bake sausage rolls and similar products and also to complete the baking of bread brought to the premises partly baked, the object being to satisfy the demand for a freshly baked loaf.

### Adulteration of Food

The County Council is the responsible Authority for administering the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, relating to the adulteration of food and drugs and the Chief Sampling Officer, Mr. J.S. Preston, has kindly supplied the following report and figures relating to work on food adulteration carried out by the County Council in the Farnborough Urban District during the year ending 31st March 1971 : -

"During the year ended 31st March, 1971, 147 samples were procured under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, within the area of the Farnborough Urban District Council.

### Milk Samples

51 samples of milk including six of "Channel Islands" were obtained and all were satisfactory.

### Miscellaneous Samples

With regard to articles other than milk, 96 samples of various food and drugs were taken, these were also free from complaint.

### General

In addition to the samples taken under the Food and Drugs Act, the usual attention was given to the labels and descriptions of food and drugs under the provisions of the Labelling of Food Order and the Pharmacy and Medicines Act. No matters of significance occurred."

## Health Education

Preparations were put in hand for a publicity campaign against litter and the dumping of rubbish, to be held during 1971. The course in Food Hygiene at the Technical College can also be regarded as Health Education. Talks are given to local organisations on the work of the Department and Health Education Publicity material is issued by the Department and displayed in appropriate places.

## 21. MISCELLANEOUS DUTIES

### Heating Appliance and Fireguard Regulations 1953

These regulations are administered by the Department and are designed to ensure that heating appliances are properly guarded. No contraventions were found.

## 22. HACKNEY CARRIAGES

Hackney Carriages plying for hire within the Urban District are licensed by the Council and your Chief Public Health Inspector is the appointed Inspector.

We try to obtain a satisfactory standard of vehicle. Before a licence is granted, a special Roadworthiness Certificate is required and this must be provided by a recognised garage. The scope of the certificate is much wider than the standard Ministry of Transport tests and in addition, the vehicles are checked by our own Inspectors. Eighteen Hackney Carriage Licences were issued during the Licensing Year ending April 1971.

All applicants for Hackney Carriage Driver's Licences are interviewed and satisfactory references must be submitted in respect of the applicant's character and driving ability. As in the previous year, there was a high turn-over in the number of applicants for driver's licences and 54 were issued during the year.

Complaints of overcharging are received from time to time and these are investigated. Amended byelaws came into force on 7th November, 1970.

## FARNBOROUGH AIR EXHIBITION

The bi-annual Air Exhibition was held and services supplied by the Department as on previous occasions. These comprised the supervision of food preparation and handling; refuse storage collection and disposal; pest control; drainage and sanitation. No cases of illness associated with food were reported. In carrying out these duties, we are working on Crown Land, over which we have no statutory control and, although we invariably obtain satisfactory co-operation from the many caterers involved, this does not apply in the case of all concerned with the exhibition. It is not a satisfactory position. It occupies a lot of time and is a heavy responsibility and I think the time has come when the Ministry responsible for the land, namely the Ministry of the Environment, and the Society of British Aerospace Companies should provide their own people to carry out these duties and accept these responsibilities. There is a medical staff attached to the Royal Aircraft Establishment, who on the last occasion, stated they were experienced in this work. Perhaps they would like to take over the duties. No doubt the policy will be considered by the Health Committee before the next exhibition.

APPENDIX A

ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE

INSPECTION OF THE AREA

By the Public Health Inspectorate

Housing

Inspections regarding defects, Improvement Grants and House Loans	1524
Overcrowding	4
Verminous or dirty conditions	5

General

Inspections and visits in connection with Infectious Disease cases	66
Water Supply	15
Caravan Sites and Moveable Dwellings	142
Refuse and Salvage Disposal	96
Refuse and Salvage Collection	133
Dustbins and Refuse Storage Facilities	725
Accumulations and Deposits	41
Ponds, ditches and watercourses	18
Hackney Carriages	50
Interviews with builders and owners	200
Keeping of animals	37
Piggeries and stables	3
Clean Air Act	57
Visits to work in progress	47
Old drains tested	3
Old drains inspected	32
Plumbing and Sanitary work inspected and tested	7
Visits regarding deposited plans	7
Factories	71
Noise Abatement Act	103
Swimming Pools	3
Inspections under Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act	244
Workplaces inspected	2
Places of Entertainment	15
Miscellaneous	404
Civic Amenities Act	155
Public Conveniences	9

Meat and Food Inspection and the Inspection of  
Food Premises and Vehicles

Butchers	68
Fishmongers and poulterers	9
Grocers	177
Greengrocers and fruiterers	55

APPENDIX A (Continued)

ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE

INSPECTION OF THE AREA

By the Public Health Inspectorate

Milk distribution depots and shops	32
Registered ice cream premises	34
Fried fish shops	17
Restaurants	130
Food vehicles	11
Licensed premises	24
Canteens	8
Bakehouses	5
Confectioners and cake shops	97
Other food preparing premises	13
Food warehouses	4
Miscellaneous food visits	107

Sampling and Laboratory Examinations

Water supply (swimming baths)	6
Samples of ice cream	8

Notices Served

Number of Informal notices served	339
Number of Informal notices complied with	253
Number of Statutory notices served	16
Number of Statutory notices complied with	15

APPENDIX B

IMPROVEMENTS EFFECTED

FOLLOWING THE SERVICE OF NOTICES

Dwellinghouses

Floors repaired or renewed	8
Additional window light provided	2
Windows repaired or replaced	12
Ceilings provided or repaired	18
Chimney stacks repaired or repointed	11
Dampness abated	18
Rainwater gutters and downpipes provided or repaired	18
Walls repainted or repaired	21
Wall plaster repaired	22
Rooms redecorated	6
Doors and frames repaired	9
Food stores provided	4
Food stores ventilated	2
Roofs repaired or renewed	23
Fireplaces repaired or renewed	11
Insanitary or defective sinks replaced	1
Yards or paths repaired	10
Refuse receptacles provided	147
Hot water supply provided	24
Water services repaired	9
Additional underfloor ventilation provided or improved	2

Drainage and Sanitation

Draains repaired or reconstructed	4
Choked drains cleansed	13

Food Premises

Constant supply of hot water provided	4
Floors repaired or renewed	105
Impervious working surfaces provided	4
Soap, clean towels and nailbrushes provided	77
Rooms cleansed and decorated	179
"Wash Hands" notices provided	4

Factories

Sanitary conveniences repaired or renewed	1
Walls and ceilings cleansed	4
Adequate ventilation provided	1
Artificial lighting in sanitary conveniences	2

APPENDIX B (Continued)

IMPROVEMENTS EFFECTED

FOLLOWING THE SERVICE OF NOTICES

Workplaces, Shops and Offices

Thermometers provided	3
First Aid equipment provided	58
Abstract of the Act provided	17
Sanitary accommodation provided	1
Sanitary accommodation repaired or cleansed	6
Hoists and Lifts repaired	2

Miscellaneous

Deposits of refuse removed	13
Nuisances from noise abated	18
Nuisances from keeping of animals abated	10
Insanitary stables demolished	1

APPENDIX CTHE FACTORIES ACT 1961FACTORIES WITH, AND FACTORIES WITHOUT MECHANICAL POWER1. Inspections for purposes of provision as to health

	<u>Number on Register</u>	<u>Inspections</u>	<u>Number of Written Notices</u>	<u>Occupiers Prosecuted</u>
(1) Factories in which sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	-	-	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	81	71	2	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers premises)	-	-	-	-
	<b>81</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-</b>

2. Cases in which defects were found

	<u>Number of cases in which defects were</u>					<u>Number of cases in which prosecu- tions were instituted</u>	
	<u>Found</u>		<u>Referred</u>				
	<u>Found</u>	<u>Remedied</u>	<u>To H.M. Inspector</u>	<u>By H.M. Inspector</u>			
Want of cleanliness	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inadequate ventilation	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Ineffective drainage to floors	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sanitary Conveniences	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	-	-	-	-	-	
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-work)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	<b>3</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	

APPENDIX C (Continued)

THE FACTORIES ACT 1961

OUTWORK

(Sections 133 and 134)

NONE



